Regents Q’s: REVIEW-2

1. The geographic isolation of a society most often leads to the

(1) development of trade

(2) strengthening of traditional culture & ethnocentrism

(3) promotion of cultural diffusion

(4) growth of international alliances

1. The Code of Hammurabi and Chinese legalism both rely on the idea that

(1) governments must provide their people with rights

(2) harsh laws are needed to control society

(3) all subjects are equal under the law

(4) religion and government must be brought closer together

1. The exchange of silks and spices and the spread of Buddhism along the Silk Roads are examples of

(1) cultural diffusion

(2) self-sufficiency

(3) ethnocentrism

(4) desertification

1. In China, the development of civil service examinations and a belief in filial piety reflect the influence of

(1) Shinto

(2) Jainism

(3) Confucianism

(4) Buddhism

1. The caste system in India was characterized by

(1) toleration for various religious beliefs

(2) equality between men and women

(3) a lack of social mobility

(4) the right of people to choose their occupations

1. One effect of rugged, mountainous geography on the civilization of ancient Greece was the development of

(1) absolute monarchies

(2) separate, independent city-states

(3) extensive trade with the Persians

(4) belief in one God

1. Which society practiced direct democracy?

(1) ancient Athens

(2) dynastic China

(3) Gupta Empire

(4) early Egypt

1. Which description accurately identifies Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle?

(1) rulers of the Roman Republic

(2) artists of the Italian Renaissance

(3) religious leaders of the Protestant Reformation

(4) philosophers of ancient Greece

Base your answers to question 9 on the illustration below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: Guide to the Essentials of World History, Prentice Hall, 1999 (adapted)

1. Which leader is most closely associated with the accomplishment shown by the illustration?

(1) Charlemagne

(2) Mansa Musa

(3) Alexander the Great

(4) Suleiman the Magnificent

1. Which statement represents a characteristic of democracy?

(1) Religious leaders control government policy.

(2) Citizens are the source of power in government.

(3) The government limits the thoughts and actions of the people.

(4) The laws of the government are made by influential military officers.

1. Which ancient civilization is associated with the Twelve Tables, an extensive road system, and the poets Horace and Virgil?

(1) Babylonian

(2) Greek

(3) Phoenician

(4) Roman

1. One contribution of ancient Roman culture was the development of

(1) the concept of zero

(2) the process of making silk

(3) a republican form of government

(4) the printing press