Regents Q’s: 2-2

Base your answer to question 1 on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: Deng Coy Miel, The Straits Times, Singapore, from MindSparks, Highsmith, 1997

1. What is the main idea of this 1997 cartoon?

(1) South Korea has more mineral resources than North Korea.

(2) South Korea has flourished while North Korea is struggling to survive.

(3) North Koreans have chosen to separate themselves from the South Koreans.

(4) North Korea was devastated by the war with South Korea.

1. Which title best completes the partial outline below?

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| I. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_A. Berlin blockadeB. Cuban missile crisisC. Vietnam War |

(1) Path to World War I

(2) Victories for Democracy

(3) Cold War Confrontations

(4) Terrorism in the 20th Century

1. During the Cold War, nations that adopted a policy of nonalignment believed they should

(1) be exempt from United Nations decisions

(2) restrict trade with neighboring countries

(3) reject international environmental treaties

(4) follow a course independent of the superpowers

1. One way in which the Korean War and the Vietnam War are similar is that both

(1) resulted in unification of two formerly independent nations

(2) reflected the success of the Western policy of containment

(3) attempted to remove French imperialists from power

(4) developed from Cold War tensions

1. One similarity in the results of the revolutions led by Fidel Castro in Cuba and by the Sandinistas in Nicaragua is that both

(1) restored a monarchy

(2) destroyed a theocracy

(3) followed Marxist principles

(4) protected freedom of the press

1. In what way were Korea and Germany similar after World War II?

(1) They refused to align with the superpowers.

(2) Their former emperors stood trial for war crimes.

(3) Both remained divided during the Cold War.

(4) Ethnic tensions threatened civil war in each country.

1. One way in which Toussaint L’Ouverture, Kwame Nkrumah, and Ho Chi Minh are similar is that each leader

(1) opposed the role of the Roman Catholic Church in politics

(2) established the first democratic government in his country

(3) fought to free his country from European control

(4) embraced the principles of civil disobedience