COMMONLY MISSED QUESTIONS: Test #1

**WEEK 1-1:**

1. One major effect of Napoleon’s rule of France was that it led to

(1) an increase in the power of the Roman Catholic Church

(2) massive emigration to the Americas

(3) trade agreements with Great Britain

(4) a restoration of political stability

1. At the Congress of Vienna (1815), the governments of Europe reacted to the French Revolution and the rule of Napoleon by attempting to

(1) restore old regimes to power

(2) spread the idea of democracy

(3) encourage nationalist movements

(4) promote the European free-trade zone

**WEEK 1-1.5:**

1. The unification of Germany under Otto von Bismarck demonstrates the

(1) influence of Marxist ideology

(2) impact of nationalism

(3) force of civil disobedience

(4) power of democratic ideals

1. One political objective of both Otto von Bismarck and Giuseppe Garibaldi was to

(1) overthrow divine right monarchies

(2) unify their nations

(3) establish communist systems

(4) form an alliance with Great Britain

1. • Location — included lands surrounding the eastern Mediterranean Sea

• People — Turks, Arabs, Greeks, Muslims, Christians, and Jews

• Nickname during the 19th and early 20th centuries — “Sick Man of Europe”

Which empire is described by these characteristics?

(1) Gupta

(2) Mongol

(3) Roman

(4) Ottoman

**WEEK 1-2:**

1. Which pair of natural resources were used to change transportation and manufacturing in Great Britain during the Industrial Revolution?

(1) gold and salt

(2) diamonds and petroleum

(3) copper and tin

(4) coal and iron ore

1. Which statement represents a central idea of laissez-faire economics?

(1) Class struggles are based on inequities.

(2) Workers should form unions to better their conditions.

(3) Prices are best determined by supply and demand.

(4) The government should own all means of production.

**WEEK 1-3:**

1. Which idea is correctly paired with a document that supports it?

(1) colonialism — *The Prince*

(2) militarism — Sadler Report

(3) capitalism — *Wealth of Nations*

(4) monotheism — *The Communist Manifesto*

1. Adam Smith would most likely agree with which statement?

(1) Revolution is the only solution to economic problems.

(2) Five-year plans are necessary in order to industrialize.

(3) All nations would benefit from an agricultural economy.

(4) Government should follow a laissez-faire policy.

1. Which idea is most closely associated with laissez-faire economics?

(1) communes

(2) trade unionism

(3) subsistence agriculture

(4) free trade

Base your answer to question 11 on the 19th century song lyrics below and on your knowledge of social studies.

. . . What has poor Ireland done, mother, —

What has poor Ireland done,

That the world looks on, and sees us starve,

Perishing one by one?

Do the men of England care not, mother, —

The great men and the high, —

For the suffering sons of Erin’s isle,

Whether they live or die? . . .

— A. M. Edmond,

“Give Me Three Grains of Corn, Mother”

1. Which event is most closely associated with the conditions described in these lyrics?

(1) civil war

(2) famine

(3) Glorious Revolution

(4) independence from Great Britain

**WEEK 1-4:**

1. The theory of Social Darwinism was sometimes used to justify
	1. (1)  the establishment of communist governments in Asia
	2. (2)  Latin American revolutions in the early 19th century
	3. (3)  the independence movement in India
	4. (4)  European imperialism in the late 19th  century